# NOTES ON AMERICAN LOGANACIEAE V. KEY TO THE GENERA REPRESENTED IN AMERICA

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#### INTRODUCTION

After having revised some genera represented in America the present author hopes to complete the revisions of all genera of *Loganiaceae* represented in America, except for *Buddleja*, *Spigelia*, and *Strychnos*. The latter three genera are being studied by, respectively, Dr. Eliane NORMAN, Dr. Homer HURLEY, and Dr. B. A. KRUKOFF. Some of their publications are cited in this paper.

The Loganiaceae have been the subject of discussion since the family was established. In the present author's opinion their circumscription should be approximately like that of SOLEREDER (1892) and exactly like that of LEENHOUTS (1962). The family is subdivided into ten tribes, eight of which are represented in America, with 15 genera in all.

# KEY TO THE GENERA REPRESENTED IN AMERICA BASED ON SPECIES REPRESENTED THERE

1.	Leaves entire or lobed, never sharply pointed
	Leaves lobed, with sharply pointed apex and lobes (blade like that of Ilex
	aquifolium). Andes
2.	Corolla lobes 4 or 5
	Corolla lobes 8 or more, contorted; umbranched treelet in the understory
	of the forest with large leaves; inflorescence large, terminal; plant brittle
	when dry
3.	Calyx without epicalyx
	Calyx subtended by some pairs of bracteoles and an epicalyx; trees or
	shrubs with seemingly umbellate terminal inflorescences 9. Antonia
4.	Fruit a capsule; secondary leaf veins about equal; plants herbaceous or
	woody, if climbing without tendrils
	Fruit a berry which is often large and thick-walled; leaves mostly tripli-
	nerved; plants woody, often huge climbers with hooked tendrils; aestiva-
	tion valvate
5.	Herbs, sometimes undershrubs (see 3. Spigelia with valvate aestivation, usu-
	ally cincinnal inflorescences, and bilobed capsules) 6
	Woody plants

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6. Aestivation valvate; capsule bilobed; inflorescence usually cincinnal 3. Spigelia Aestivation imbricate; capsule simple or 2-horned; inflorescence dichasial 7. Stems repeatedly dichotomously branched; flowers solitary; leaves small, Stems unbranched or nearly so; inflorescence dichasial with long cincinnal 8. Stigma twice dichotomously branched; corolla tube infundibuliform, out-9 Stigma capitate or nearly so; corolla tube cylindrical, if not then outside 9. Inflorescence short, axillary; peduncle very short or obsolete; capsule sim-Inflorescence laxly dichasial, terminal and axillary; peduncle distinct, slender; capsule bilobed; corolla white with yellow base. South America 6. Mostuea 10. Erect shrub; capsule linear-fusiform; ovary one-celled; corolla violet or Twiner; capsule ellipsoid or nearly so; ovary two-celled; corolla yellow 5. Gelsemium Corolla lobes narrowly oblong; aestivation valvate; leaves coriaceous 8. Bonvunia 12. Anther cells confluent; inflorescence terminal, many-flowered; leaves gla-Anther cells discrete; inflorescence terminal and many-flowered or not; 13. Corolla persistent; aestivation valvate; stamens 5, exserted. Costa Rica Corolla deciduous, circumscissile; aestivation imbricate; stamens 4, in-14. Stamens well-exserted; corolla tubular, about 3-4 cm long; leaves with large entire lobes. Mexico and Southern United States . . 13. Emorya Stamens included, or, if excerted, the corolla much smaller . 12. Buddleja

#### LIST OF TRIBES AND GENERA REPRESENTED IN AMERICA WITH SOME REFERENCES

## Spigelieae

- 1. Polypremum L. with one species, *P. procumbens* L., in America. SOLEREDER in ENGLER & PRANTL, *Nat. Pflanzenf.* 4 (2): 44, f. 25. A-C. 1892.
- 2. Mitreola L. with 6 species in the tropics and subtropics, two of which in America.

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LEENHOUTS in Fl. Males. 1. 6: 375–377. 1962 (as Cynoctonum); HEINE, Kew Bull. 23: 251–252. 1969.

3. Spigelia L. with about 50 species in America. LYMAN B. SMITH, Wrightia 2 (2): 90-102. 1960; HURLEY, Revision (nearly completed).

Strychneae

4. Strychnos L. with about 190 species, about 70 of which in America. KRUKOFF et al., The American species of Strychnos, Brittonia 4: 248-322. 1942 with 10 supplements, the last of which in Phytologia 19: 176. 1969.

Gelsemieae

5. Gelsemium Jussieu with three species, one in Asia and two in North and Central America.

ORNDUFF, The systematics and breeding system of Gelsemium, Journ. Arn. Arb. 51: 1-17. 1970.

6. Mostuea Did1. with 8 species, 7 of which in Africa and one, *M. surinamensis* Benth., in northern South America. LEEUWENBERG, Revision, *Meded. Landbouwhogeschool Wageningen 61* (4):

1–31. 1961. Plocospermeae

7. Plocosperma Benth., with one species, P. buxifolium Benth. in Central America.

LEEUWENBERG, Revision, Acta Bot. Neerl. 16: 56-61. 1967.

Antonieae

- 8. Bonyunia Rich. Schomb. with four species in South America. LEEUWENBERG, Revision, Acta Bot. Neerl. 18: 152-158. 1969.
- 9. Antonia Pohl with one species, A. ovata Pohl, in South America. PROGEL in MARTIUS, Fl. Bras. 6: (1): 251, pl. 67. 1868.

Buddlejeae

10. Peltanthera Benth. with one species, P. floribunda Benth., from Costa Rica to Bolivia.

HUNZIKER & FULVIO, Observaciones morfológicas sobre Peltanthera, con referencia a su posición sistemática, *Bol. Acad. Nac. Cienc. Córdoba 40*: 217–228. 1958; LEEUWENBERG, Revision, *Acta Bot. Neerl.* 16: 143–146. 1967.

11. Sanango Bunting et Duke with one species, S. durum Bunting et Duke, in Peru.

BUNTING & DUKE, Ann. Mo. Bot. Gard. 48: 269-274. 1961.

- Buddleja L. with about 100 species, mainly in the tropics and subtropics of the southern hemisphere, about 50 of which in America. NORMAN, The genus Buddleja in North America, *Gentes Herbarum 10*: 1-116. 1967.
- 13. Emorya Torr. with one species, *E. suaveolens* Torr., in Mexico and southern United States.

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ELIANE M. NORMAN & RAYMOND J. MOORE, Notes on Emorya, The Southwestern Naturalist 13: (2): 137-142. 1968.

# Potalieae

14. Potalia Aubl. with one species, *P. amara* Aubl., in South America. PROGEL in MARTIUS, *Fl. Bras.* 6: (1): 267. 1868.

## Desfontainieae

15. Desfontainia Ruiz et Pavón with one species, *D. spinosa* Ruiz et Pavón in the Andes from Costa Rica to Cabo de Hornos. LEEUWENBERG, Revision, *Acta Bot. Neerl.* 18: 669–679. 1970.