	Ma	Mb	3e Br. Sch. v. Ubaghs	Korallenkalk v. Kunrade	3e Br. Sch. v. Staring	Md
213. Archicythereis bosqueti v. V. 214. ,, darwini v. V. 215. ,, binkhorsti v. V. 216. ,, ubaghsi v. V. 217. ,, tuberculifera v. V. 218. ,, lyelli v. V. 219. ,, lienenklausi v. V. 220. Cytherideis bosqueti v. V. 221. ,, limburgensis v. V.				S	s S S S S	8
222. Cypridina koninckiana Bosq		?	z	s	z	z S S
225. Krausella minuta Triebel 226. Phanassymetria foveata v. V. 227. "afoveata v. V. 228. No. 1 229. No. 2 230. No. 3 231. No. 4 232. No. 5 233. No. 6 234. No. 7 235. No. 8 236. No. 9 237. No. 10 238. No. 11 239. No. 12 240. No. 13 241. No. 14					S S S S S S S	
	Ма	Mb	Mc			Md

TACHYS TERMITICOLA SP. N.

by H. E. Andrewes, London.

Length: 2.3 mm.

Ferruginous, the elytra faintly mottled: antennae, palpi, and legs more or less flavous, surface

shinv.

He a d small, with short, fairly deep furrows and a raised area between them, eyes small and flat, mentum with two pores, submentum with a few setae in front, antennae filiform, reaching basal third of elytra, joints 2 and 3 of equal length.

Prothorax convex, cordate, three fifths wider than head, and to the same extent wider than long, sides well rounded, sinuate close to the hind angles, which are sharp, though slightly obtuse, without carina, the lateral channels rather wide; basal sulcus indistinctly crenulate, interrupted at middle, where the termination of the median line sometimes forms a vague pore, a few minute setae on the border round the front angles.

Elytra convex, ovate, about a half wider than prothorax, a third longer than wide, border rounded

at shoulder, very finely dentate and setulose, the teeth and setae rather widely spaced; no dorsal striae, but the sutural stria is just traceable near base, 8 impressed for a short distance behind, and represented by two or three large pores in front, apical striole short, straight, not nearly reaching apex, on middle of elytron the apical pore far back, dorsal pores on the site of stria 3 at about a third and three fourths respectively. No obvious microsculpture, though traces of meshes are visible on the elytra. Body beneath with a few minute setae here and there, the apical ventral segment distinctly setulose.

This new species belongs to the recurvicollisgroup of my "Revision" (Ann. Mus. Civ. Gen. LI 1925, p. 337), but differs from the other species in the finely dentate borders of the elytra and the

absence of elytral striae.

Java: Semarang, V. 1936, 4 ex. The specimens were found by Dr. L. G. Kalshoven of Buitenzorg, in teak forest, in a nest of *Macrotermes gilvus* Hag., and presented to me by Rev. H. Schmitz of the Museum Wasmannianum, Valkenburg, Holland.