

central region of the state: Walthère de Selys-Longchamps in Juiz de Fora, Caxambu and São João del Rei; J.D. Haseman, in Sete Lagoas; N. Santos and collaborators, in Poços de Caldas, Lagoa Santa, São João del Rei, Caraça (Santa Bárbara) and Serra do Cipó (Santana do Riacho); and by A.B.M. Machado, in Açucena, Buenópolis, Vespasiano, Serra do Cipó, Caraça and the vicinity of Belo Horizonte.

The records for the State of Minas Gerais are scattered in the odonatological literature and the only existing list deals exclusively with the region of Poços de Caldas (N. SANTOS, 1966, *Atas Soc. Biol. Rio de Janeiro* 10:65-69). In a survey of the odonate fauna of Lagoa Santa (Santos) and the Rio Doce State Park (Machado, Vulcano & Mascarenhas) extensive collections were made, revealing several new state records. These are listed below.

Lagoa Santa (19° 37' 28" S; 43° 53' 37" W) is situated in a region of Cerrado (a sort of savanna) and contains several ponds and a lake. The Rio Doce State Park (between 19° 45' and 19° 50' S and 42° 35' and 42° 40' W) is densely covered by the Atlantic Forest and contains many lakes among which the large Lake Don Helvecio, where the Odonata were collected. A detailed description of the odonate habitats of Lake Don Helvecio and the region of Lagoa Santa, together with a comprehensive study of their odonate fauna will appear in two forthcoming publications (N. SANTOS, *Lundiana*, in press; — A.B.M. MACHADO, M.A. VULCANO & C.S. MASCARENHAS, *Lundiana*, in press).

The following is the list of new records (LS = Lagoa Santa; — RD = Rio Doce State Park).

Coenagrionidae: *Acanthagrion apicale* Sel. (LS), *A. minutum* Leonard (LS, RD), *A. lancea* Sel. (RD), *Argenthagrion nepos* (Sel.) (LS), *Enallagma coecum* (Hag.) (LS), *Ischnura fluviatilis* Sel. (LS, RD), *Tigriagrion aurantigrum* Calv. (LS).

Lestidae: *Lestes bipupillanus* Calv. (LS), *L. paulistus* Calv. (LS), *L. mediorufus* Calv. (LS).

Protoneuridae: *Epipleoneura venezuelensis* Racenis (RD), *E. metallica* Racenis (LS), *Neoneura bilinearis* Sel. (LS).

Aeshnidae: *Anax concolor* Br. (LS), *Coryphaeschna adnexa* (Hag.) (RD).

Gomphidae: *Archaeogomphus infans* (Ris) (RD).

NEW RECORDS OF DRAGONFLIES FOR THE STATE OF MINAS GERAIS, BRAZIL.

One hundred and sixty-seven species of dragonflies have been recorded for the State of Minas Gerais, Brazil. The most extensive collections were made by Peter Claussen in the

Libellulidae: *Dythemis cannaerioides* Calv. (LS), *D. constricta* Calv. (LS), *D. multipunctata* Kirby (LS, RD), *Erythemis carmelita* Williamson (RD), *E. plebeja* (Burm.) (LS), *Lepthemis vesiculosa* (Fab.) (LS, RD), *Miathyria marcella* (Sel.) (LS), *M. simplex* (Ramb.) (LS, RD), *Micrathyria artemis* Ris (RD), *M. mengeri* Ris (RD), *Nephepeltia berlai* Santos (LS), *Perithemis lais* (Perty) (RD), *Planiplax arachne* Ris (RD), *Rhodopygea hollandi* Calv. (LS, RD), *Tauriphila argo* (Hag.) (LS, RD), *T. xiphea* Ris (RD).

The above list (32 species) increases considerably our knowledge on the odonate fauna of Minas Gerais. *Acanthagrion minutum* is new to Brazil. This species has been known previously from a single locality in Venezuela. As it is apparent from this record, the geographic range of *A. minutum* is second only to that of *A. ascendens* Calv.

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