L. dubia in Spain.

From I to 12 July 1985 we visited the eastern part of the Parque Nacional de Aiguës Mortes, situated near Espot, on the Spanish side of the Pyrenees. During our stay we explored many mountain lakes in search for odonates. Most of the investigated lakes were void of suitable shore vegetation. We saw dragonflies at only one of them.

Estanys de Trescuro, situated about 3 km S of Espot, at an altitude of 2000 m, has shores which are dominated by Sphagnum. In the water, sedges are common near the banks. During a first visit on 2 July we identified Pyrrhosoma nymphula (Sulz.) and Enallagma cyathigerum (Charp.) (for both spp.: > 100 individuals, incl. tenerals and tandem pairs, observed), 2 old individuals of Libellula auadrimaculata L. and at least 15 adults of L. dubia, including 5 copulating pairs. A male and a female were collected and photographed. We returned on 6 July, an overcast day, and observed few P. nymphula, E. cyathigerum, and L. dubia (3 &, 2 Q). In addition, we found one freshly emerged L. dubia female with her exuviae and 9 ♂ and 4 ♀ Aeshna juncea (L.), also freshly emerged. 15 aeshnid exuviae were collected and were later identified as A. juncea.

Our preliminary observations suggest that the high-altitude mountain lake Estanys de Trescuro harbors a stable population of dragonflies, including *L. dubia*. We predict that of the 12 species listed by OCHARAN (1988, op. cit.) that are only known from the French side of the Pyrenees, several can be expected to occur at this Spanish locality: Sympetrum danae (Sulz.) and Cordulia aenea (L.) seem to be very likely according to the habitat and the species already present.

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A NOTE ON *LEUCORRHINIA DUBIA* (VANDER L.) IN SPAIN (ANISOPTERA: LIBELLULIDAE)

In a recent review on the Odonata of Spain (F.J. OCHARAN, 1988, Rev. Biol. Univ. Oviedo 6: 83-93), no members of the genus Leucorrhinia are mentioned. The author, however, states that L. dubia occurs on the French side of the Pyrenees and is likely to occur on the Spanish side as well. This is confirmed by R.R. ASKEW (1988, The dragonflies of Europe, Harley Books, Colchester), who vaguely mentions that L. dubia "...extends south to the Pyrenees (both French and Spainsh sides)...". We known of no other, or more detailed records of