## The bivalve Spondylus as a Nautilus shell epibiota

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The first record of a Spondylus species as an attachment on a Nautilus shell is reported as an unidentifiable species on a mature shell of Nautilus macromphalus.

Key words: Cephalopoda, Nautilus, Bivalvia, Spondylidae, Spondylus, epibiota, Pacific, New Caledonia.

Bivalves as Nautilus shell epibiota are reported as a rare occurrence (Landman et al., 1987). While organisms such as bryozoans, barnacles, and serpulids have been recorded as more common occurrences on shells of Nautilus pompilius L., 1758, N. scrobiculatus Lightfoot, 1786 (Landman et al., 1987), and N. macromphalus Sowerby, 1849 (Hamada, 1983), the occurrence of bivalves including ostreids and venerids on Nautilus shells is a more unlikely scenario. This note reports a Spondylus species (Spondylidae) as epibiota on a Nautilus shell.

Recently the author obtained a mature shell of N. macromphalus which had been collected alive in a trap off the coast of New Caledonia in the Pacific. The specimen had not been cleaned before it was in the possession of the author; therefore its condition had not been altered before examination. The shell is shown in fig. 1. Attached to one of the umbilical areas is a small specimen of the bivalve genus Spondylus, which is shown in fig. 2. Species identification of the Spondylus is extremely difficult because of its small size, leaving it unidentified for the present.

The umbilical areas of Nautilus shells are preferred locations for epibiota encrustation (Hamad, 1983; Landman et al., 1987). The occurrence of the Spondylus in this very region of the N. macromphalus shell may be considered possible further evidence of this preferred encrustation region in the Nautilus shell.

## REFERENCES

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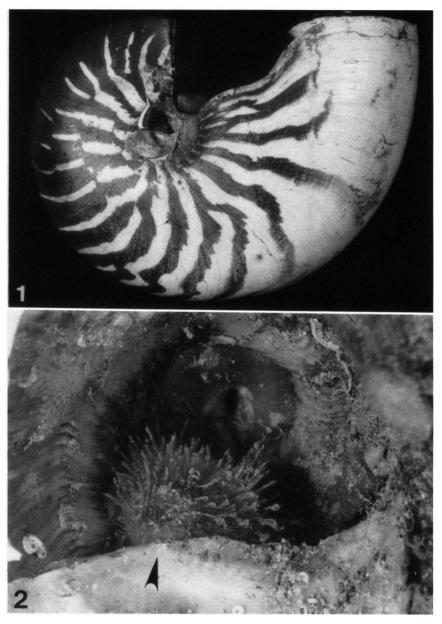


Fig. 1-2. Nautilus macromphalus Sow., shell from live-taken specimen from off New Caledonia (167 mm diameter, author's collection). 1, shell; 2, umbilical area of this shell showing location of Spondylus specimen as indicated by arrow (6 mm width).